

Document No:

N/A

Original Issue Date:

08/10/2011

Current Revision Effective Date:

05/27/2022

POLICIES & PROCEDURES

Category:

N/A

Title:

PRMC Accrual Monitoring and Study Closure

Department(s):

Protocol Review and Monitoring Committee

1 Definitions

CAP	Corrective Action Plan
LAN	Low accrual notification
OTA	Open to Accrual protocol status
PRMC	Protocol Review and Monitoring Committee
Jefferson investigator-	An investigator-initiated study or trial led by a Jefferson investigator in
initiated study (IIS)	which the investigator authors and develops the protocol and serves as
	the sponsor investigator
National	A category of clinical research based, in part, on funding support (National Clinical Trials Network (NCTN) and other NIH-supported National Trial
	Networks (e.g., Alliance, CCTG, COG, ECOG, ETCTN, NRG, and SWOG). See
	the Cancer Center Support Grant (CCSG) Data Table Guide, <u>Data Table 4</u> section, Study Source categories for definition
Industry	A category of clinical research based, in part, on funding support. See the
maustry	Cancer Center Support Grant Data Table Guide, Data Table 4 section, Study
	Source categories for definition
External investigator-	An investigator-initiated study or trial led by a non-Jefferson investigator.
initiated study (IIS)	For example, an investigator at another cancer center is the sponsor-
	investigator and Jefferson is a participating site.
Probation Review	The PRMC review following the probation period for studies that received
	a PRMC low accrual notification and have an approved corrective action
	plan
Minimum Accrual	Studies are assigned one of three categories (A, B, or C) at the time of
Expectation Category	PRMC study approval

2 Introduction

2.1 Policy

Protocol Review and Monitoring Committee (PRMC) has the responsibility to monitor protocols open at Sidney Kimmel Cancer Center (SKCC) for accrual progress and has the authority to terminate protocols that do not demonstrate accrual progress. The PRMC has established minimum accrual expectations to base decisions on closing low accruing trials to further accrual.

2.2 Purpose

The purpose of this document is to describe the PRMC's responsibilities and procedures for monitoring accrual and terminating studies that do not meet accrual expectations.

Effective Date:

Version: 4.0

05/27/2022

SKCC POLICIES & PROCEDURES

PRMC Accrual Monitoring and Study Closure

Document No: N/A

2.3 Scope

All interventional studies at Jefferson approved by the PRMC and subsequently activated for enrollment will be subject to ongoing accrual monitoring by the PRMC. Per NCI expectations, PRMC will monitor accrual for interventional studies that are cancer-related, prospective, and hypothesis-driven.

Studies not applicable to the Cancer Center Support Grant (CCSG) Data Table 4 and non-interventional studies are not subject to accrual monitoring or the minimum accrual expectations. These studies include in vitro studies that utilize human tissues that cannot be linked to a living individual, tissue banking, and studies that do not require patient consent. In addition, expanded access protocols are not CCSG Data Table 4 applicable and thus not subjected to PRMC accrual monitoring. Expand Access protocols are designed for patients with immediately life-threatening conditions or serious diseases or conditions to gain access to an investigational medical product (drug, biologic, or medical devices) that is pending FDA approval for treatment outside of clinical trials when no comparable or satisfactory alternative therapy options are available.

3 Responsible Personnel

- PRMC Members
- PRMC Support Staff
- Principal Investigators (PI)
- Study Team

4 Procedures

4.1 Accrual Expectations

At the time of initial PRMC approval, the PRMC will assign a Minimum Accrual Expectation Category (see Table 1) to each study and communicate that assignment to the PI and study team. PRMC may assign any category to a study deemed appropriate by the committee. Minimums are intended to ensure overall appropriate progress and use of institutional resources within the SKCC active study portfolio.

For Jefferson investigator-initiated studies, Jefferson is responsible for meeting the entire enrollment goal in order to meet scientific objectives of the study. Therefore, PRMC should have closer oversight to ensure these studies are on track. The Category A minimum accrual expectation and increased monitoring frequency compared to other categories were designed to ensure closer oversight.

For Studies where Jefferson is not responsible for the entire enrollment goal, an accrual minimum of 4 per year is intended to ensure a minimum level of accrual activity to justify the effort required to initiate and maintain the study. These studies would typically be assigned to Category B; however, if there are extenuating circumstances where a particularly low annual accrual is expected and largely unavoidable, as in the case of many phase I and rare disease studies, the PI should justify any lower accrual expectations in the PRMC New Study Application at the time of initial review

Version: 4.0 Effective Date: 05/27/2022 Page 2 of 6

Document No:

Title: PRMC Accrual Monitoring and Study Closure

Accrual to phase I industry-sponsored studies are typically dependent on slot availability, which makes it difficult to anticipate how many participants can be enrolled.

PRMC acknowledges studies for rare cancers are likely to accrue slowly. The SKCC defines rare cancer as one with an incidence of less than or equal to 6 per 100,000 per year, in accordance with RARECARE's rare cancer definition. Rare molecular subtypes may be considered for rare disease status if they meet the same criteria of an incidence of $\leq 6/100,000$ per year; however, the PI must provide justification inclusive of incidence rates for the primary tumor as well as the subtype at the time of initial PRMC review. Studies that plan to open both rare and non-rare disease cohorts at Jefferson will be monitored according to the non-rare cohort minimum accrual expectations.

Jefferson IISs that are phase I studies and/or for rare diseases or rare molecular subtypes will typically be assigned to Category A, rather than Category C, because Jefferson is responsible for meeting the overall study enrollment goal.

For Jefferson IIS, accrual at any participating site will be counted toward meeting minimum accrual expectations. For all other studies (i.e., National, Industry, and/or External IIS), only accrual at Jefferson enterprise locations will count toward meeting minimum accrual expectations.

Table 1: Minimum Accrual Expectation Categories

Category	Minimum Accrual Expectations	Monitoring Frequency	Studies Typically Assigned to this Category
Category A	50% of annual accrual goal per year	Every 6 months	Jefferson investigator-initiated studies
Category B	4 per year	Every 12 months	National, industry, and external investigator-initiated studies
Category C	1 per year	Every 12 months	Phase I, rare disease, and rare molecular subtypes

4.2 Review Process

At 6 months, studies may receive a courtesy warning if current accrual progress indicates they are unlikely to meet minimum accrual expectations by the 12 months milestone. Tables 2, 3, and 4 outline the PRMC's accrual monitoring processes for each Minimum Accrual Expectation Category.

Table 2: Accrual Monitoring Process for Category A

Milestone	Accrual Expectation in last 12 months	Actual Accrual in Last 12 months	PRMC Actions	PI Actions	PRMC follow up time points
		No Accrual	Vote close to accrual	Close to accrual	NA
12 months	Min. 50% of annual accrual goal	<50% but at least 1	LAN	CAP	3-month probation*
		More than 50%	None	NA	Follow up in 6 months

Version: 4.0 Effective Date: 05/27/2022 Page 3 of 6

PRMC Accrual Monitoring and Study Closure

Document No: N/A

		No accrual	Vote close to accrual	Close to accrual	NA
Probation Review	Min. 50% of annual accrual goal	<50% but at least 1	LAN	Revised CAP	3-month probation*
		More than 50%	Expectation met notification	NA	Follow up in 3 months
18 months	Min. 50% of annual accrual goal	<50%	Vote close to accrual	Close to accrual	NA
		More than 50%	None	NA	Follow up in 6 months
		No Accrual	Vote close to accrual	Close to accrual	NA
24 months or more	Min. 50% of annual accrual goal	<50% but at least 1	LAN	CAP	3 month probation*
		More than 50%	None	NA	Follow up in 6 months

^{*}Studies assigned to Category A may receive a 3-month probation to achieve minimum accrual expectations following a PRMC approval CAP.

Table 3: Accrual Monitoring Process for Category B

Milestone	Accrual Expectations in last 12 months	Actual Accrual in last 12 months	PRMC Actions	PI Actions	PRMC follow up time points
		No accrual	Vote close to accrual	Close to accrual	NA
12 months	4/ yr.	<4 but at least 1	LAN	CAP	6-month probation*
		4 or more	None	NA	Follow up in 12 months
Probation 4/ yr. Review		Less than 4	Vote close to accrual	Close to accrual	NA
	4/ yr.	4 or more	Expectation Met notification	NA	Follow up in 6 months
		No accrual	Vote close to accrual	Close to accrual	NA
months or more	4/ yr.	<4 but at least 1	LAN	CAP	6-month probation*
		4 or more	None	NA	Follow up in 12 months

^{*}Studies assigned to Category B may receive a 6-month probation to achieve minimum accrual expectations following a PRMC approval CAP.

Table 4: Accrual Monitoring Process for Category C

Milestone	Accrual Expectations in last 12 months	Actual Accrual in last 12 months	PRMC Actions	PI Actions	PRMC follow up time points	SELECTION STREET, SELECTION ST
-----------	--	----------------------------------	--------------	------------	----------------------------	--

05/27/2022 Effective Date: Page 4 of 6 Version: 4.0

Document No:

N/A

Title:

PRMC Accrual Monitoring and Study Closure

12 months	1/ yr.	No accrual	LAN	CAP	6-month probation*
		1 or more	None	None	Follow up in 12 months
Probation Review	1/ yr.	No accrual	Vote Close to Accrual	Close to Accrual	NA
		1 or more	Expectation met notification	NA	Follow up in 6 months
24 months or more	1/ yr.	No accrual	LAN	CAP	6-month probation*

^{*}Studies assigned to Category C may receive a 6-month probation to achieve minimum accrual expectations following a PRMC approval CAP.

Low accrual notifications (LAN) will be sent according to the processes described in Tables 2, 3, and 4. PI will have at least five business days to respond to a LAN with a corrective action plan (CAP) to increase accrual. The PRMC will determine if the PI's response is acceptable and whether the study may continue as planned, recommend suspension for modification, or close to accrual. If PI does not respond, the PRMC will still review the study and make a determination, which may include a vote to close the study to accrual.

At the end of a probation period, if minimum accrual expectations still have not been met, PRMC may vote to close to accrual. If minimum accrual expectations have been met, studies will be reviewed again at the next defined milestone.

Studies with Phase I/II cohorts must notify the PRMC of their transition from phase I to II to ensure appropriate accrual monitoring. PRMC chairs or assigned alternative member will review and determine if the Accrual expectation category must be reassigned (i.e. Category C to Category B)

5 Appeals

PRMC has the authority to close to accrual any study not meeting minimum accrual expectations; however the PI may choose to petition PRMC decisions by submitting a formal appeal to the PRMC. The PRMC must approve all appeals at full board committee. If the PRMC rejects the appeal, the study will not have further opportunity to appeal or reopen to accrual. Following PRMC approval of appeals, studies will continue accrual within the defined probation period of the assigned expectation category.

6 Attachments

Attachment Name
Accrual Monitoring Process: Category A
Accrual Monitoring Process: Category B
Accrual Monitoring Process: Category C

Version: 4.0 Effective Date: 05/27/2022 Page 5 of 6

Title: PRMC Accrual Monitoring and Study Closure

Document No: N/A

7 Document History

Version	Effective Date	Description of Change
1.0	8/10/2011	n/a
1.2	7/24/2015	Dept. and committee name changes
2.0	7/1/2016	Update to new SOP format; new minimum accrual expectations; new process for reviewing accrual monthly; removal of accrual monitoring for trials exempt from accrual expectations.
3.0	2/17/2017	Revised to biannual review and modified minimum accrual expectations
3.1	5/1/2017	Added stipulation that studies close if not meeting minimum accrual expectation six months following approval of corrective action plan.
3.2	8/24/2020	Revised accrual expectations
4.0	5/27/2022	Revised accrual expectations, monitoring processes, and monitoring frequency. Clarified study types exempt from accrual monitoring by PRMC and added appeals process. Removed reference section. Added attachments to include attachments.

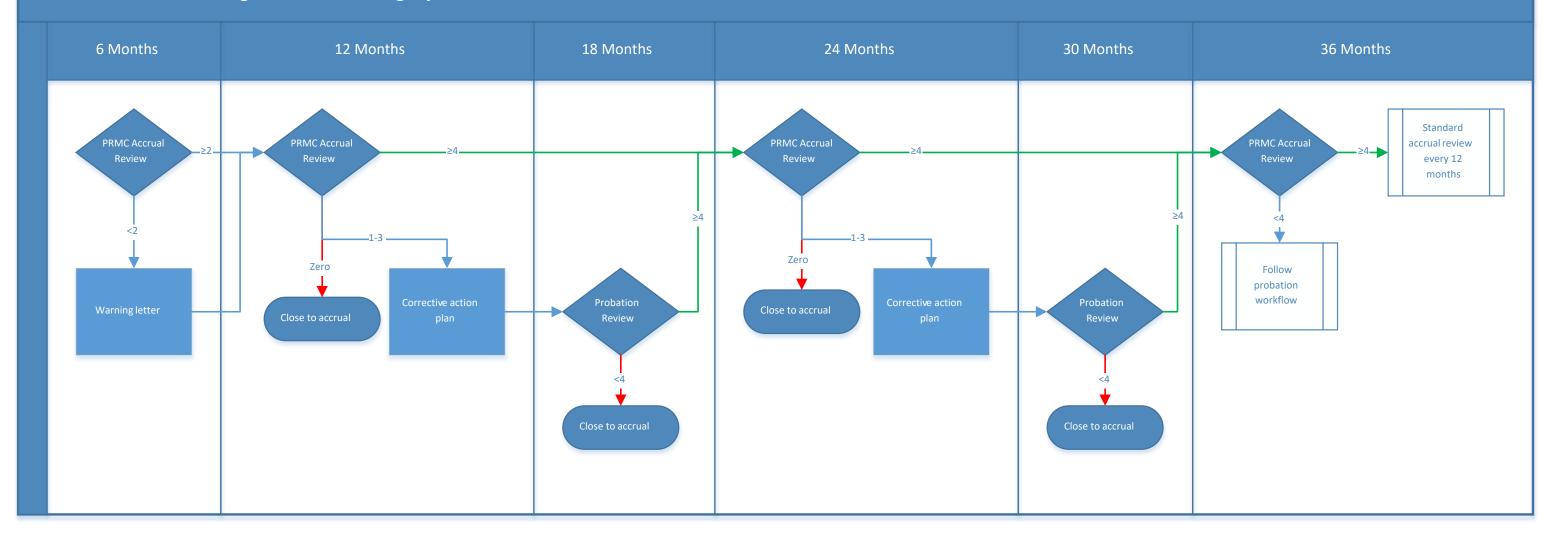
8 Approval

Authors	Joseph Curry, MD (PRMC Chair) and Sarah Osipowicz, MSEd, CCRP (PRMC Administr	rator)
SKCC Associate Director of Clinical Research Approval	W) gle	Date of Signature
	W. Kevin Kelly, DO	• •
Does this document req	uire review and approval from the SKCC Director	or Deputy Director2
	ty Yes 🗆 No	Initials
SKCC Director/Deputy Director Approval	Andrew Chapman, DO/Neal Flomenberg, MD	Date of Signature 6/1/22

Version: 4.0 Effective Date: 05/27/2022 Page 6 of 6

PRMC Accrual Monitoring Process for Category A 12 Months 15 Months 18 Months 21 Months 24 Months 6 Months Standard accrual review every 6 months ≥50% ≥50% <50% <50% --<50%, >1 -Zero Follow Probation Review 1 probation "<50%, >1 workflow Warning letter ≥50% Probation Review 2

PRMC Accrual Monitoring Process for Category B



PRMC Accrual Monitoring Process for Category C

